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# COTTON STATISTICS & NEWS

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## Cotton Sector Needs Three Vs

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**EXPERT'S**  
**Column**



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Recent months have seen high cotton drama regarding price volatility and demand. As cotton is a natural fibre; its availability depends on weather and other uncontrollable situations. However, these aspects have also given room to high volatility and uncertainties that are influencing the entire cotton and textile supply chain. Adding to these expected pains, the ongoing war in Europe has added more volatility to the sector.

While the entire cotton segment is under the grip of uncertainties, the current scenario calls for self-introspection and a solid plan ahead.

### Need for three Vs

Prior to inflation reaching 9% in some parts of the world, which is at a 40-year high, the textile sector focused predominantly on the supply side of the equation, such as the availability of raw materials, labour force and energy issues, etc. Given

the finite amount of arable on the amount of arable land, due to the growing need of food grains, with the global population ever rising, land for other cash crops is always stressed. China is a good example for this situation, which necessitates the import of cotton and food grains such as soy to satisfy its domestic demand. Textile sector will be under tight supply of cotton, which provides necessary price value for cotton in addition to its inherent technical advantages. Cotton is natural, biodegradable and comfortable. Cotton is pre-sold on its breathability value, which makes it a preferred fibre despite its relative cost issue with some synthetics.

Availability of arable land, some limitations in the product range, market volatility, competition from synthetics all influence the cotton sector. Given this scenario, our industry should focus on three Vs - 1) Value utilisation; 2) Value creation and 3) Value addition.

## Value Utilisation

The cotton sector from farm to fashion should utilise its fullest value. At the farm level, countries like India need to increase the yield/acre, increase the efficiency with the use of fertilizer, pesticides and water to maximise return of investment. India has the largest land area dedicated to cotton crop compared to other major cotton producing countries, but with the least yield. Yield enhancement should be a public-private partnership initiative in India, which can deliver cost effective next generation value-added seed to farmers. Knowledge creation and dissemination about best farm practices such as fact-based agronomic approaches, selection of seeds, farming and irrigation techniques must be widely transmitted to the practitioners such as farmers, researchers and policy makers. Active involvement at grassroot levels during the growing season is vital for the growth of agriculture.

Lubbock, USA-based Plains Cotton Growers, Inc. is highly active in such efforts. Well informed bi-weekly meetings occur during the cotton growing season, where discussions on agronomy, crop situation, insurance, policy support and global cotton marketing issues are discussed. Cotton extension specialists, researchers, cotton farmers, staff of elected representatives attend these meetings to discuss crop conditions, needs and opportunities for growth.

Other cotton growing nations like India will benefit a lot by such grassroot level participation and interactions. Regions like Vidarbha and Punjab where drought and insect pressures are prevalent, need such active participation among stakeholders. Productivity at farm level needs improvement.

India's cotton revolution has happened due to the combinatorial effects of biotechnology and hybrid technology. As is the case with any antibiotic, resistance will kick in and hence constant R & D efforts are needed to evolve next generation technologies. It is well understood that such developments need resources, where public-private sector collaborations play important roles. Government's supportive policies are needed with agriculture, where uncertainties such as drought and floods are often persistent. A few acknowledgeable initiatives include the Minimum Support Price for farmers by the Government of India, Market Facilitation Program of the United States of America to offset the costs due to tariffs by China, etc. State Agricultural Universities have a greater supportive role to play in terms of timely assistance regarding, selection of seed, weed control and nutrient efforts.

## Value Creation

While value utilisation focuses on using the existing resources to improve the sector, value

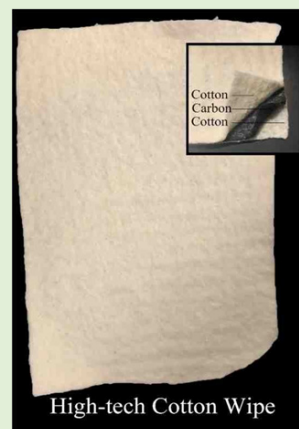
creation is aimed at creating new opportunities. Cotton is predominantly used as apparel textiles. A way to increase its demand is to find new opportunities in the farm to fashion sectors and beyond, such as industrial textiles.

As is evident from the ongoing inflationary cycle, demand for goods, particularly nonpriority items have come down. Cotton is subjected to such stressful situations and is also sensitive to price pressures from competing synthetic and regenerative fibers. In the mid to long term, it is important to enhance the demand for cotton in non-traditional areas.

Recently, cotton industry is focused on finding applications in industrial, medical, automotive and defense sectors. Cary, United States-based Cotton Incorporated is conducting projects in nonwovens to enhance demand for cotton.

Indo-United States collaboration between Texas Tech University and Aruppukkottai-based Jayalakshmi Textiles has resulted in a sustainable cotton-based oil absorbent material. This product has been evaluated at ONGC facilities in Thiruvapur and Rajahmundry areas in India. Cotton-based absorbent-adsorbent industrial toxic chemical decontamination wipes are finding applications in the defense sector. United States-based First Line Tech, LLC is marketing varied forms of this wipe, of which cotton-based wipe is one product.

The Figure shows cotton-based high-tech wipe that finds applications in defense and industrial sectors. This product came out of research from the author's research and resulted in commercialisation. Cotton sector should pay much attention to translational efforts involving public-private collaborations.



## Value Addition

The downstream processes in the textile sector can help with value addition to find new markets and opportunities. Salt less dyeing and waterless finishing technologies can be utilised to generate sustainable and high-end products. Leading brands are looking for opportunities to come-up with products that have consumer appeal and can be marketed as "green," products. New finishing technologies like atmospheric plasma can help with selective surface characteristics with less or no water usage. Cotton being biodegradable provides opportunities for brands to develop value-added products.

## Going Forward

While the present economic situation put enormous stress on the textile sector, it provides a valuable lesson that we should focus both on the supply and demand sides of the textile equation. Among many distinct aspects the industry is focusing to stay competitive such as risk management, better inventory management, good handle on the quality,

going forward the industry must focus on the 3 Vs: 1) Value Utilisation; 2) Value Creation and 3) Value Addition.

*Caveat Emptor et Venditor!*

Source : CAI Centenary Special 2022  
(The views expressed in this column are of the author and not that of Cotton Association of India)

## Minimum Support Prices for Kapas of Fair Average Quality for the Cotton Season 2023-24 (October-September)

( In Rs. per quintal )

Sr. No.	Classes of Cotton	Fibre Quality Parameters		Minimum Support Price (MSP) for 2023-24	Names of the Indicative Varieties used by the Trade
		Basic Staple Length (2.5% Span Length) in MM	Micronaire Value		
(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)
Short Staple (20 mm & below)					
1		-	7.0-8.0	6120	Assam Comilla
2		-	6.8-7.2	6120	Bengal Deshi
Medium Staple (20.5 mm - 24.5 mm)					
3		21.5 - 22.5	4.8 - 5.8	6370	Jayadhar
4		21.5 - 23.5	4.2 - 6.0	6420	V-797 / G.Cot.13 / G. Cot.21
5		23.5 - 24.5	3.4 - 5.5	6470	AK/Y-1 (Mah & M.P.) / MCU-7 (TN)/SVPR-2 (TN)/PCO-2 (AP & Kar) / K-11 (TN)
Medium Long Staple (25.0 mm - 27.0 mm)					
6		24.5 - 25.5	4.3 - 5.1	6620	J-34 (Raj.)
7		26.0 - 26.5	3.4 - 4.9	6720	LRA-5166/KC-2 (TN)
8		26.5 - 27.0	3.8 - 4.8	6770	F-414/H-777/J-34 Hybrid
Long Staple (27.5 mm - 32.0 mm)					
9		27.5 - 28.5	4.0 - 4.8	6920	F-414/H-777/J-34 Hybrid
10		27.5 - 28.5	3.5 - 4.7	6920	H-4/H-6/MECH/RCH-2
11		27.5 - 29.0	3.6 - 4.8	6970	Shankar-6/10
12		29.5 - 30.5	3.5 - 4.3	7020	Bunny/Brahma
Extra Long Staple (32.5 mm & above)					
13		32.5 - 33.5	3.2 - 4.3	7220	MCU-5/Surabhi
14		34.0 - 36.0	3.0 - 3.5	7420	DCH-32
15		37.0 - 39.0	3.2 - 3.6	8220	Suvin

- (i) If the micronaire value is in the range of 3.8 to 4.2 for Staple Length of 24.5 - 25.5 mm mentioned at Sr. No.6 of above table, a premium of Rs. 30/- per quintal will be given over and above the MSP. If the micronaire happens to be less than 3.8 or more than 5.1, the MSP will be lower by Rs. 15/- per quintal for every 0.2 micronaire.
- (ii) If the micronaire values are outside the range in the column (iv) for staple lengths at Sr. No.9 to 15 of above table, a lower MSP of Rs. 25/- per quintal will be given for every 0.2 micronaire value.
- (iii) The Minimum acceptable micronaire value shall be 2.8 for Extra Long Staple Cotton mentioned at Sr. No. 13 to 15 of above table. Minimum acceptable micronaire value shall be 3.0 for other varieties of cotton at Sr. No.1 to 12 of the above table.
- (iv) The names of varieties mentioned in column No. (vi) of the aforesaid table are only indicative related to the respective length group.
- (v) The base line moisture content of kapas shall be 8%. The farmer selling cotton having moisture above 8% but upto 12% will get lesser price proportionately, while it will be a proportionate incentive, if the moisture content of the produce is less than 8%. For the purpose of undertaking price support operation by the designated Procurement Agencies, moisture content of more than 12% is not permitted. The incentive / disincentive will be made on the basis of rate per quintal of kapas on pro-rata basis.
- (vi) The procurement agencies should ensure that micronaire and other fibre quality parameters are scientifically assessed by providing the required infrastructure / facilities at the purchase centres.

The Cotton Corporation of India Ltd. (CCI) will be the central nodal agency for undertaking price support operations for cotton.

The Minimum Support Price will be effective from 01.10.2023.

Source : Office of the Textile Commissioner



Sr. No.	Parameters	Grade				Staple				Micronaire	
		Premium		Discounts		Premium		Discounts		Micronaire	Discount
		Grade	Premium Amount	Grade	Discount Amount	Staple	Premium Amount	Staple	Discount Amount		
8	P/H/R (U)	Superfine	+1400	Fully Good	-1200			26	-2000	3.0 - 3.2	-800
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 27mm)										
	Micronaire 3.5 - 4.9	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-1500					3.3 - 3.4	-400
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 4% Strength/GPT 26				(2.32)						(0.62)
9	M/M(P) /SA/TL/G ICS-105	Superfine	+500	Fully Good	-500	28	+1400			2.7 - 2.9	-500
	(Staple length 27mm)										
	Micronaire 3.0 - 3.4										
	(Grade: Fine)	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-700						
	Trash - 4% Strength/GPT 25				(1.08)						
10	M/M(P)/SA/TL	Superfine	+500	Fully Good	-600						
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 27mm)										
	Micronaire 3.5 - 4.9	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-800						
	(Grade:Fine) Trash - 3.5% Strength/GPT 26				(1.23)						
11	P/H/R (U)	Superfine	+1400	Fully Good	-1200	29	N.A.			3.0 - 3.2	-800
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 28mm)										
	Micronaire 3.5 - 4.9	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-1500					3.3 - 3.4	-400
	(Grade:Fine) Trash - 4% Strength/GPT 27				(2.32)						(0.62)
12	M/M(P)	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-1000					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 28mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-1300 (2.01)					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade:Fine) Trash - 3.5% Strength/GPT 27								3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
13	SA/TL/K	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-1000					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 28mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-1300 (2.01)					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade:Fine) Trash - 3.5% Strength/GPT 27								3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
14	GUJ	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-1000			27	-1400	3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 28mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-1300 (2.01)					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade:Fine) Trash - 3% Strength/GPT 27								3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
15	R (L)	Superfine	+1200	Fully Good	-1300			28	-1200	3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 29mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-1500					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade:Fine) Trash - 3.5% Strength/GPT 28				(2.32)				3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	

Sr. No.	Parameters	Grade				Staple				Micronaire	
		Premium		Discounts		Premium		Discounts		Micronaire	Discount
		Grade	Premium Amount	Grade	Discount Amount	Staple	Premium Amount	Staple	Discount Amount		
16	M/M(P)	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-900					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 29mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5										
	(Grade:Fine)	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-1200					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
Trash-3.5%Strength/GPT28				(1.85)					3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
17	SA/TL/K	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-900					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 29mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	+1200 (1.85)	Good	-1200 (1.85)					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade:Fine)										
Trash - 3% Strength/GPT 28									3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
18	GUJ	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-900	30	+700			3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 29mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5										
	(Grade:Fine)	Extra S. Fine	+1200 (1.85)	Good	-1200 (1.85)					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
Trash - 3% Strength/GPT 28									3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
19	M/M(P)	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-900					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 30mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	+1200	Good	-1200					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade:Fine)										
Trash-3.5%Strength/GPT29		(1.85)		(1.85)					3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
20	SA/TL/K/O	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-900					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 30mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5										
	(Grade:Fine)	Extra S. Fine	+1200	Good	-1200					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
Trash - 3% Strength/GPT 29		(1.85)		(1.85)					3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
21	M/M(P)	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-900					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 31mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	+1200	Good	-1200					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 3% Strength/GPT 30										
		(1.85)		(1.85)					3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	
22	SA/TL/K/TN/O	Superfine	+1000	Fully Good	-900					3.0 - 3.2	-1200
	ICS-105										
	(Staple length 31mm)										
	Micronaire 3.7 - 4.5	Extra S. Fine	+1200	Good	-1200					3.3 - 3.4	-800 (1.23)
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 3% Strength/GPT 30										
		(1.85)		(1.85)					3.5 - 3.6	-400 (0.62)	

Sr. No.	Parameters	Grade				Staple				Micronaire	
		Premium		Discounts		Premium		Discounts		Micronaire	Discount
		Grade	Premium Amount	Grade	Discount Amount	Staple	Premium Amount	Staple	Discount Amount		
23	SA/TL/K/TN/O	Superfine	N.A.	Fully Good	N.A.			31	N.A.	3.0 - 3.2	N.A.
	ICS-106										
	(Staple length 32mm)										
	Micronaire 3.5 - 4.2	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	N.A.					3.3 - 3.4	N.A.
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 3% Strength/GPT 31										
24	M/M(P)	Superfine	+1200	Fully Good	-1500	35	+1700	33	-2000	2.5 - 2.7	-700
	ICS-107										
	(Staple length 34mm)		(1.85)		(2.32)		(2.62)		(3.09)		(1.08)
	Micronaire 2.8 - 3.7	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-2000	36	+3200				
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 4% Strength/GPT 33				(3.09)	(4.94)					
25	K/TN	Superfine	+1200	Fully Good	-1500	35	+1700	33	-2000	2.5 - 2.7	-700
	ICS-107										
	(Staple length 34mm)		(1.85)		(2.32)		(2.62)		(3.09)		(1.08)
	Micronaire 2.8 - 3.7	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-2000	36	+2900				
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 3.5% Strength/GPT 34				(3.09)	(4.48)					
26	M/M(P)	Superfine	+1200	Fully Good	-1500	36	+1500	34	-1700	2.5 - 2.7	-700
	ICS-107										
	(Staple length 35mm)		(1.85)		(2.32)		(2.32)		(2.62)		(1.08)
	Micronaire 2.8 - 3.7	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-2000						
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 4% Strength/GPT 35				(3.09)						
27	K/TN	Superfine	+1200	Fully Good	-1500	36	+1200	34	-1700	2.5 - 2.7	-700
	ICS-107										
	(Staple length 35mm)		(1.85)		(2.32)		(1.85)		(2.62)		(1.08)
	Micronaire 2.8 - 3.7	Extra S. Fine	N.A.	Good	-2000						
	(Grade : Fine) Trash - 3.5% Strength/GPT 35				(3.09)						

Conversion factor - 647.90 based on the RBI closing exchange rate of 1 US \$ = Rs.82.64 prevailing on 28th August 2023

Figures in bracket denotes value difference in Cents per Lb.

Note :

- (1) These Value Differences are applicable to domestic trade.
- (2) The above differences are merely indicative in nature. Cotton Association of India gives no warranty as to the accuracy or completeness of information contained herein and accepts no legal responsibility howsoever arising in relation to such information.
- (3) Premium and Discount mentioned in Indian Rupees above will remain constant for one month whereas the same mentioned in Cents per Lb. will vary as per the exchange rate fixed by the Reserve Bank of India.

UPCOUNTRY SPOT RATES								(Rs./Qtl)					
Standard Descriptions with Basic Grade & Staple in Millimetres based on Upper Half Mean Length [ By law 66 (A) (a) (4) ]								Spot Rate (Upcountry) 2022-23 Crop September 2023					
Sr. No.	Growth	Grade Standard	Grade	Staple	Micronaire	Gravimetric Trash	Strength /GPT	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
1	P/H/R	ICS-101	Fine	Below 22mm	5.0 – 7.0	4%	15	16591 (59000)	16591 (59000)	16703 (59400)		16000 (56900)	16000 (56900)
2	P/H/R (SG)	ICS-201	Fine	Below 22mm	5.0 – 7.0	4.5%	15	16731 (59500)	16731 (59500)	16844 (59900)		16141 (57400)	16141 (57400)
3	GUJ	ICS-102	Fine	22mm	4.0 – 6.0	13%	20	13666 (48600)	13638 (48500)	13638 (48500)	H	13498 (48000)	13498 (48000)
4	KAR	ICS-103	Fine	22mm	4.5 – 6.0	6%	21	14369 (51100)	14341 (51000)	14341 (51000)		14257 (50700)	14285 (50800)
5	M/M (P)	ICS-104	Fine	23mm	4.5 – 7.0	4%	22	15719 (55900)	15635 (55600)	15607 (55500)		15466 (55000)	15522 (55200)
6	P/H/R (U) (SG)	ICS-202	Fine	27mm	3.5 – 4.9	4.5%	26	15663 (55700)	15747 (56000)	15803 (56200)	O	15803 (56200)	15916 (56600)
7	M/M(P)/SA/TL	ICS-105	Fine	26mm	3.0 – 3.4	4%	25	-	-	-		-	-
8	P/H/R(U)	ICS-105	Fine	27mm	3.5 – 4.9	4%	26	15860 (56400)	15944 (56700)	16000 (56900)		16000 (56900)	16113 (57300)
9	M/M(P)/SA/TL/G	ICS-105	Fine	27mm	3.0 – 3.4	4%	25	15747 (56000)	15747 (56000)	15747 (56000)	L	15522 (55200)	15607 (55500)
10	M/M(P)/SA/TL	ICS-105	Fine	27mm	3.5 – 4.9	3.5%	26	16394 (58300)	16310 (58000)	16310 (58000)		16085 (57200)	16169 (57500)
11	P/H/R(U)	ICS-105	Fine	28mm	3.5 – 4.9	4%	27	16450 (58500)	16535 (58800)	16591 (59000)		16591 (59000)	16703 (59400)
12	M/M(P)	ICS-105	Fine	28mm	3.7 – 4.5	3.5%	27	17041 (60600)	16956 (60300)	16956 (60300)	I	16844 (59900)	16928 (60200)
13	SA/TL/K	ICS-105	Fine	28mm	3.7 – 4.5	3.5%	27	17097 (60800)	17013 (60500)	17013 (60500)		16900 (60100)	16984 (60400)
14	GUJ	ICS-105	Fine	28mm	3.7 – 4.5	3%	27	17238 (61300)	17125 (60900)	17125 (60900)		16956 (60300)	17041 (60600)
15	R(L)	ICS-105	Fine	29mm	3.7 – 4.5	3.5%	28	16731 (59500)	16816 (59800)	16816 (59800)	D	16816 (59800)	16872 (60000)
16	M/M(P)	ICS-105	Fine	29mm	3.7 – 4.5	3.5%	28	17322 (61600)	17266 (61400)	17266 (61400)		17153 (61000)	17238 (61300)
17	SA/TL/K	ICS-105	Fine	29mm	3.7 – 4.5	3%	28	17350 (61700)	17294 (61500)	17294 (61500)		17181 (61100)	17266 (61400)
18	GUJ	ICS-105	Fine	29mm	3.7 – 4.5	3%	28	17547 (62400)	17434 (62000)	17434 (62000)	A	17266 (61400)	17350 (61700)
19	M/M(P)	ICS-105	Fine	30mm	3.7 – 4.5	3.5%	29	17603 (62600)	17491 (62200)	17491 (62200)		17322 (61600)	17406 (61900)
20	SA/TL/K/O	ICS-105	Fine	30mm	3.7 – 4.5	3%	29	17631 (62700)	17519 (62300)	17519 (62300)		17350 (61700)	17434 (62000)
21	M/M(P)	ICS-105	Fine	31mm	3.7 – 4.5	3%	30	17828 (63400)	17716 (63000)	17716 (63000)	Y	17491 (62200)	17575 (62500)
22	SA/TL/K/TN/O	ICS-105	Fine	31mm	3.7 – 4.5	3%	30	17884 (63600)	17772 (63200)	17772 (63200)		17547 (62400)	17631 (62700)
23	SA/TL/K/TN/O	ICS-106	Fine	32mm	3.5 – 4.2	3%	31	N.A. (N.A.)	N.A. (N.A.)	N.A. (N.A.)		N.A. (N.A.)	N.A. (N.A.)
24	M/M(P)	ICS-107	Fine	34mm	2.8 - 3.7	4%	33	20668 (73500)	20752 (73800)	20752 (73800)		20752 (73800)	20752 (73800)
25	K/TN	ICS-107	Fine	34mm	2.8 - 3.7	3.5%	34	20921 (74400)	21006 (74700)	21006 (74700)		21006 (74700)	21006 (74700)
26	M/M(P)	ICS-107	Fine	35mm	2.8 - 3.7	4%	35	21146 (75200)	21231 (75500)	21231 (75500)		21231 (75500)	21231 (75500)
27	K/TN	ICS-107	Fine	35mm	2.8 - 3.7	3.5%	35	21399 (76100)	21512 (76500)	21512 (76500)		21512 (76500)	21512 (76500)

(Note: Figures in bracket indicate prices in Rs./Candy)