# Cotton Association 

 of India
# Technical Analysis 

Price Outlook for Gujarat-ICS-105, 29mm and ICE Cotton Futures for the Period $3^{\text {rd }}$ January 2023 to $6^{\text {th }}$ February 2023

Shri. Gnanasekar Thiagarajan is currently the head of Commtrendz Research, an organization which, specializes in commodity research and advisory to market participants in India and overseas. He works closely with mostly Agri-Business, base metals and precious metals business corporates in India and across the globe helping them in managing their commodity and currency price risk. Further to his completing a post graduate in software engineering, he did a long stint with DowJones, promoters of "The Wall Street Journal" and had the opportunity of closely working with some of the legends in Technical Analysis history in the U.S.

His columns in The Hindu Business Line have won accolades in the international markets. He also writes a fortnightly column on a blog site for The Economic Times on Global commodities and Forex markets. He

## Domestic Markets

- The domestic prices remained steady and inched higher on 2nd January 2023. It peaked to 1.10 lakh a candy last season (October 1, 2021 to September 30,2022 ) and the prices have dropped significantly by almost $50 \%$ during the current season. Domestic cotton prices have slid over past two weeks or so. This has also reduced domestic prices premium over ICE or the basis to around 7-8 cents. Should this drop
is a part an elite team of experts for moneycontrol.com in providing market insights. He was awarded "The
 Best Market Analyst", for the categoryCommodity markets- Bullion, by then President of India, Mr. Pranab Mukherji.

He is a consultant and advisory board member for leading corporates and commodity exchanges in India and overseas. He is regularly invited by television channels including CNBC and ET NOW and Newswires like Reuters and Bloomberg, to opine on Shri. Gnanasekar Thiagarajan the commodity and forex markets. He
Director, Commtrendz Research Director, Commtrendz Research
has conducted training sessions for markets participants at BSE, NSE, MCX and IIM Bangalore and conducted many internal workshops for corporates exposed to commodity price risk. He has also done several training sessions for investors all over the country and is also a regular speaker at various conferences in India and abroad.
to $4-5$ cents or less, it might attract demand on the exports front.

- Cotton Association of India (CAI) has sought the withdrawal of the $11 \%$ import duty imposed on cotton last year, saying that the textile industry is working at half its installed capacity. This comes amid a sharp decline in demand for Indian textile products in the West.
- Farmers are currently selling late second/early third picking cotton and holding back first picking cotton (normally considered to be of good quality). There are calls from farmers to extend MSP, as they are in distress due to low prices. The farmers complain that they need money in the months of December and March when the prices continue to fall and the present prices cannot even cover the production cost in many cases. It looks like the government may not be considering production cost escalation be it seeds, fertilisers, pesticides, diesel prices, tractor price or lease rent and labourer charges that have almost doubled. In Telangana, farmers have announced State-wide protests demanding higher price for cotton.


## International Markets

- ICE futures have opened in the positive territory today morning in line with a weakening dollar and pick up in risk appetite. The final 2022 trading week in New York was somewhat bearish. The market suffered its lowest volume week of the year, with March futures settled for the year at 83.27 cents. The new crop December contract settled some 250 points lower at 80.88 cents. Thus, the price spread between old crop and new crop continues to shrink.
- The bearish factors can be summarised in three words - Lack of Demand. Increasing carryover of cotton and cotton yarn is excessive. Carryover stocks may approach 95 million bales - 6 million more than currently forecast. Mill shutdowns and/or reduced production hours are occurring around the world. Retail stores are focusing on major discount sales in hope of decreasing inventories. New orders for 2023-24 are terribly slow. Additionally, the market is trading on the recessionary news that interest rates will continue to increase at least through June 2023.
- Bullish factors - Reduced 2023 plantings in U.S. and the world, reduced foreign production offers hope for U.S. exports, retail sector will continue to discount sales for 6-9 months, increasing production yield per acre, grower expansion of crop rotation patterns, commodity funds view cotton as the most undervalued commodity and funds expand investment in commodities. Bullish indicators are a bit of a two-edged sword. While world plantings will decline as the market begs for less production, the new seed varieties offer growers increased yield potential. The investment in production equipment (round bale picker @ $\$ 1.3$ million) and ginning infrastructure has become a major factor in supporting production. China opening though is expected to be medium-term positive for cotton demand.


## Shankar 6 GUJ ICS Price Trend

As mentioned in the previous update, we expected prices could eventually drop lower to $17,500-18,000$ levels in the coming month. Prices touched that and in line with the view, bounced from there showing signs of a possible bottom. As anticipated, prices could gradually inch higher towards 20,000 levels where strong resistances are seen. Once above here, it could even start rising towards 22,000 levels subsequently. Though prices can drop again, the recent bottom at 17,500 looks intact and unlikely to test that once again.


## Spot Price Chart

The spot cotton January weekly structure shows a bullish potential to rise back towards 67,000-68,000 area. Supports are near 60,000 followed by 56,500 now. It must fall below 55,000 to cause doubts about this bullish
view. Next supports would be near 54,000. Daily chart's trend and momentum indicators favour a bullish view. However, a fall below 55,000 could cause doubts about the bullish potential.


## ICE Mar 23 Cotton Futures

As mentioned in our previous month's update, a period of consolidation is underway before it could launch itself higher again towards $95-97 \mathrm{c}$ on the upside. The consolidation range is in the $77-89 \mathrm{c}$ range presently, which is still underway. Technical analysis favours more upside in the short-term towards 97-98c zone or even higher above $\$ 1.00$. The chart below shows December months have been the beginning of many important rallies in ICE cotton in the past. History could repeat itself again this year.


As mentioned before, using ICE futures and options for mitigating prices risk especially when prices are at elevated levels, helps cushion the fall and manage high priced inventory of cotton and yarn, is ideal for the industry. But to take that leap of faith is a humungous task for this industry where raw material price moves makes or break the profit margins. Hedging high priced inventories in a falling market could help offset some losses from the recent fall in cotton prices. Current bottoming levels could be ideal opportunities to Buy Call options in ICE to take advantage of a possible rise in the near-term. To protect against falling inventory cost one can take Put options in ICE around resistance levels by paying a premium, where losses will be minimum and profits unlimited.

## Conclusion:

The domestic prices seem to have found a bottom near 60,000-61,000 per candy for now, as it seems to be discounting negative fundamentals of poor demand. But it is failing to sustain above 60,000 which makes us believe it could take a shy at 55,000 before bottoming out completely. More negative factors continue to weigh on domestic markets by way of arrivals and weak demand. But price always has a ability to discount present weakness and look ahead. This is what is likely happening in the local prices. Strong resistance is presently noticed in the 70,000 per candy levels and may find it tough to cross that in the near-term.

Important support in ICE is at \$82c followed by $\$ 78 \mathrm{c}$ on the downside and in that zone, prices could find a lot of buying interest again. The domestic
prices are still at mild premium to ICE, though it has corrected from peaks. We expect prices to consolidate and gradually edge higher again. Though price could come under pressure from time to time, it is important to keep an eye on the speculative fund activity and the dollar that could turn the picture for cotton prices. The international price indicates that it is in the process of a consolidation before beginning an up move again.

For Shankar 6 Guj ICS supports are seen at 58,000per candy and for ICE May cotton futures at $\$ 82-82$ c followed by $\$ 78$ c. The domestic technical picture looks neutral to weak and could reverse soon as we are near the bottom. Therefore, we can expect prices to come under pressure locally with a mild bullish bias for the international markets, as there are some bottoming signs visible in ICE futures presently.

# USDINR Monthly Report: January 2023 

Shri. Anil Kumar Bhansali, Head of Treasury, Finrex Treasury Advisors LLP, has a rich experience of Banking and Foreign Exchange for the past 36 years. He was a Chief Dealer with an associate bank of SBI

We expect USDINR to trade within the range of $82.10-83.60$ for January 2023. DXY, USDCNY as well as oil price movement, FII flows and RBI stance to maintain stability in Rupee will be closely observed. Expected strength in US dollar, any escalation in Covid situation especially in China after relaxations in its zero Covid policy and dollar buying by oil companies on dip may support upside in the pair. RBI also strives to protect volatility as it buy's on dips while sell's at higher levels around 83.0 mark. However, if RBI releases this levels then 83.25 and then 83.60 is expected soon.

Following will be the key triggers for USDINR in month of January 2023:-

- Covid Update: A new Covid variant in several parts of the world (including China, US, Japan, South Korea and France) has been making the market participants cautious since mid-December. Any positive/negative Covid related updates will affect the market sentiments and may create volatility in the FX market.
- Brent oil prices: Brent oil has remained volatile in 2022 due to several factors, including geopolitical tensions due to Russia-Ukraine war crisis in February, recession fears sparked by a weakening



Shri. Anil Kumar Bhansali Head of Treasury,
Finrex Treasury Advisors LLP
global economy, price cap of $\$ 60 / \mathrm{bl}$ on Russian oil by G7 and EU. Reopening of China raised hopes of demand from the world's top consumer, but worries over rising Covid-19 cases still persists which may cap gains. Cold weather is expected in the U.S. and as weather chills, further demand for crude is also expected to increase for use in heating. Another reason for crude to see high prices would be reduction in output from Russia. As per reports from OPEC and IEA, crude oil demand is also expected to increase in 2023 compared to 2022.

- Trade Balance: India's trade deficit in November 2022 narrows to $\$ 23.89$ bn Vs $\$ 26.91$ bn in Oct, with exports valued at $\$ 31.99$ bn, up $0.6 \%$ on year and imports at $\$ 55.88$ bn, surged $5.4 \% \mathrm{y} / \mathrm{y}$.
- FII flows: Domestic markets witnessed inflows in the month of December. In CY 2022 from January to December total outflows stand at $\$ 17.954$ bn, with December witnessing FII's buying of around \$1.110 bn (as on 29th December 2022). Inflows from NRI also remittances will be upto \$ 100 billion a rise of $12 \%$ over last year as per a world bank report published recently. This will be the highest in the world and almost 3\% of India's GDP.
- FX Reserves: After rising for five consecutive weeks, India's FX reserves dropped by $\$ 571 \mathrm{mn}$ from prior week to $\$ 563.50$ bn for the week ended 16th December. In December alone reserves rose by $\$ 16.25$ bn (till 16th Dec) as RBI bought dollars on dip to replenish its reserves.

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\mathrm{K} / \mathrm{TN} & \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P}) \quad \mathrm{K} / \mathrm{TN}
\end{array}
$$














December 2022
2021-22 Crop

-










乎





$$
51
$$

言 浽
最䛔号gig
움 N 잉ㅇㅇㅇㅇㅇㅇ  훔
$\qquad$

> 害家禺
寒娄
䇺
三总总

$$
\text { 善区 } \overline{8}
$$




## UPCOUNTRY SPOT RATES


(Note: Figures in bracket indicate prices in Rs./Candy)

## UPCOUNTRY SPOT RATES

| UPCOUNTRY SPOT RATES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (Rs./Qtl) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standard Descriptions with Basic Grade \& Staple in Millimetres based on Upper Half Mean Length [ By law 66 (A) (a) (4) ] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Spot Rate (Upcountry) 2022-23 CropDecember 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sr. No. | Growth | Grade Standard | Grade | Staple | Micronaire | Gravimetric Trash | Strength /GPT | 26th | 27th | 28th | 29th | 30th | 31st |
| 1 | $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{R}$ | ICS-101 | Fine | Below 22 mm | 5.0-7.0 | 4\% | 15 | $\begin{gathered} 16844 \\ (59900) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17181 \\ (61100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17462 \\ (62100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17716 \\ (63000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17716 \\ (63000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17912 \\ (63700) \end{array}$ |
| 2 | $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{R}$ (SG) | ICS-201 | Fine | Below 22 mm | 5.0-7.0 | 4.5\% | 15 | $\begin{array}{r} 16956 \\ (60300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17294 \\ (61500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17575 \\ (62500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17828 \\ (63400) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17828 \\ (63400) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18025 \\ (64100) \end{array}$ |
| 3 | GUJ | ICS-102 | Fine | 22 mm | 4.0-6.0 | 13\% | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 161 |  |  |
| 4 | KAR | ICS-103 | Fine | 23mm | 4.0-5.5 | 4.5\% | 21 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16113 \\ (57300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16113 \\ (57300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16113 \\ (57300) \end{array}$ |
| 5 | M/M (P) | ICS-104 | Fine | 23 mm | 4.5-7.0 | 4\% | 22 | $\begin{array}{r} 16956 \\ (60300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17097 \\ (60800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17238 \\ (61300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16675 \\ (59300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16675 \\ (59300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16675 \\ (59300) \end{array}$ |
| 6 | $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{U})(\mathrm{SG})$ | ICS-202 | Fine | 27 mm | 3.5-4.9 | 4.5\% | 26 | $\begin{array}{r} 15297 \\ (54400) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15832 \\ (56300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16113 \\ (57300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16113 \\ (57300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16169 \\ (57500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16366 \\ (58200) \end{array}$ |
| 7 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M/M(P)/ } \\ & \text { SA/TL } \end{aligned}$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 26 mm | 3.0-3.4 | 4\% | 25 |  | - | - | - |  | - |
| 8 | $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{U})$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 27 mm | 3.5-4.9 | 4\% | 26 | $\begin{array}{r} 15438 \\ (54900) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15972 \\ (56800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16253 \\ (57800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16253 \\ (57800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16310 \\ (58000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16506 \\ (58700) \end{array}$ |
| 9 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P}) / \\ & \mathrm{SA} / \mathrm{TL} / \mathrm{G} \end{aligned}$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 27 mm | 3.0-3.4 | 4\% | 25 |  |  | - | - |  | - |
| 10 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P}) / \\ & \mathrm{SA} / \mathrm{TL} \end{aligned}$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 27 mm | 3.5-4.9 | 3.5\% | 26 |  | - | - | - |  | - |
| 11 | $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{R}(\mathrm{U})$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 28 mm | 3.5-4.9 | 4\% | 27 | $\begin{array}{r} 15691 \\ (55800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16366 \\ (58200) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16647 \\ (59200) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16788 \\ (59700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16844 \\ (59900) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17041 \\ (60600) \end{array}$ |
| 12 | $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P})$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 28 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3.5\% | 27 | - |  | - | - |  | - |
| 13 | SA/TL/K | ICS-105 | Fine | 28 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3.5\% | 27 |  |  |  | - |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | - |  |  |
| 14 | GUJ | ICS-105 | Fine | 28 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3\% | 27 |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15 | R (L) | ICS-105 | Fine | 29 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3.5\% | 28 | $\begin{array}{r} 16000 \\ (56900) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16450 \\ (58500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16731 \\ (59500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16731 \\ (59500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16788 \\ (59700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16984 \\ (60400) \end{array}$ |
| 16 | $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P})$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 29 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3.5\% | 28 | $\begin{array}{r} 15888 \\ (56500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16169 \\ (57500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16450 \\ (58500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16506 \\ (58700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16731 \\ (59500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16984 \\ (60400) \end{array}$ |
| 17 | SA/TL/K | ICS-105 | Fine | 29 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3\% | 28 | $\begin{array}{r} 15944 \\ (56700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16225 \\ (57700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16506 \\ (58700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16563 \\ (58900) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16788 \\ (59700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17041 \\ (60600) \end{array}$ |
| 18 | GUJ | ICS-105 | Fine | 29 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3\% | 28 | $\begin{array}{r} 16028 \\ (57000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16310 \\ (58000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16591 \\ (59000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16788 \\ (59700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17097 \\ (60800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17294 \\ (61500) \end{array}$ |
| 19 | $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P})$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 30 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3.5\% | 29 | $\begin{array}{r} 16169 \\ (57500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16450 \\ (58500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16731 \\ (59500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16872 \\ (60000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17013 \\ (60500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17209 \\ (61200) \end{array}$ |
| 20 | SA/TL/K/O | ICS-105 | Fine | 30 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3\% | 29 | $\begin{array}{r} 16253 \\ (57800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16535 \\ (58800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16816 \\ (59800) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16872 \\ (60000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17013 \\ (60500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17266 \\ (61400) \end{array}$ |
| 21 | $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P})$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 31 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3\% | 30 | $\begin{array}{r} 16506 \\ (58700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16788 \\ (59700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17069 \\ (60700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17069 \\ (60700) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17209 \\ (61200) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17406 \\ (61900) \end{array}$ |
| 22 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SA/TL/ } \\ & \text { K / TN/O } \end{aligned}$ | ICS-105 | Fine | 31 mm | $3.7-4.5$ | 3\% | 30 | $\begin{array}{r} 16619 \\ (59100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16900 \\ (60100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17181 \\ (61100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17181 \\ (61100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17322 \\ (61600) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17519 \\ (62300) \end{array}$ |
| 23 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SA/TL/K/ } \\ & \text { TN/O } \end{aligned}$ | ICS-106 | Fine | 32 mm | 3.5-4.2 | 3\% | 31 | $\begin{array}{r} 16900 \\ (60100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17181 \\ (61100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17462 \\ (62100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17462 \\ (62100) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17603 \\ (62600) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17800 \\ (63300) \end{array}$ |
| 24 | $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P})$ | ICS-107 | Fine | 34 mm | 2.8-3.7 | 4\% | 33 | - | - |  | $\begin{array}{r} 17716 \\ (63000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18137 \\ (64500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18278 \\ (65000) \end{array}$ |
| 25 | K/TN | ICS-107 | Fine | 34 mm | 2.8-3.7 | 3.5\% | 34 | $\begin{array}{r} 19543 \\ (69500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19825 \\ (70500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19543 \\ (69500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18981 \\ (67500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18981 \\ (67500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19122 \\ (68000) \end{array}$ |
| 26 | $\mathrm{M} / \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{P})$ | ICS-107 | Fine | 35 mm | 2.8-3.7 | 4\% | 35 | - | - |  | $\begin{array}{r} 18278 \\ (65000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18700 \\ (66500) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18840 \\ (67000) \end{array}$ |
| 27 | K/TN | ICS-107 | Fine | 35 mm | 2.8-3.7 | 3.5\% | 35 | $\begin{array}{r} 19965 \\ (71000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20246 \\ (72000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19965 \\ (71000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19403 \\ (69000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19403 \\ (69000) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19543 \\ (69500) \end{array}$ |

(Note: Figures in bracket indicate prices in Rs./Candy)

